



Zephyr Project Meetup

January 30, 2026

2:00 PM - 7:00 PM

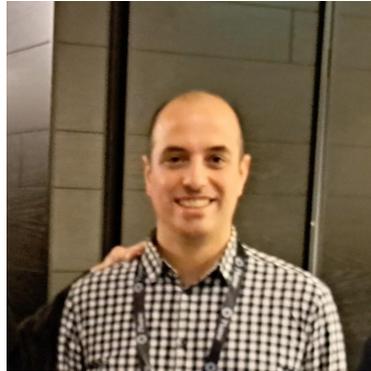
Brussels, Belgium



Thank you to our host



Thank you to the organizers for making this possible!



Frederik Van Bogaert

Senior Embedded Software Developer, Mind



Titouan Christophe

Embedded Software Engineer, Mind

Agenda:

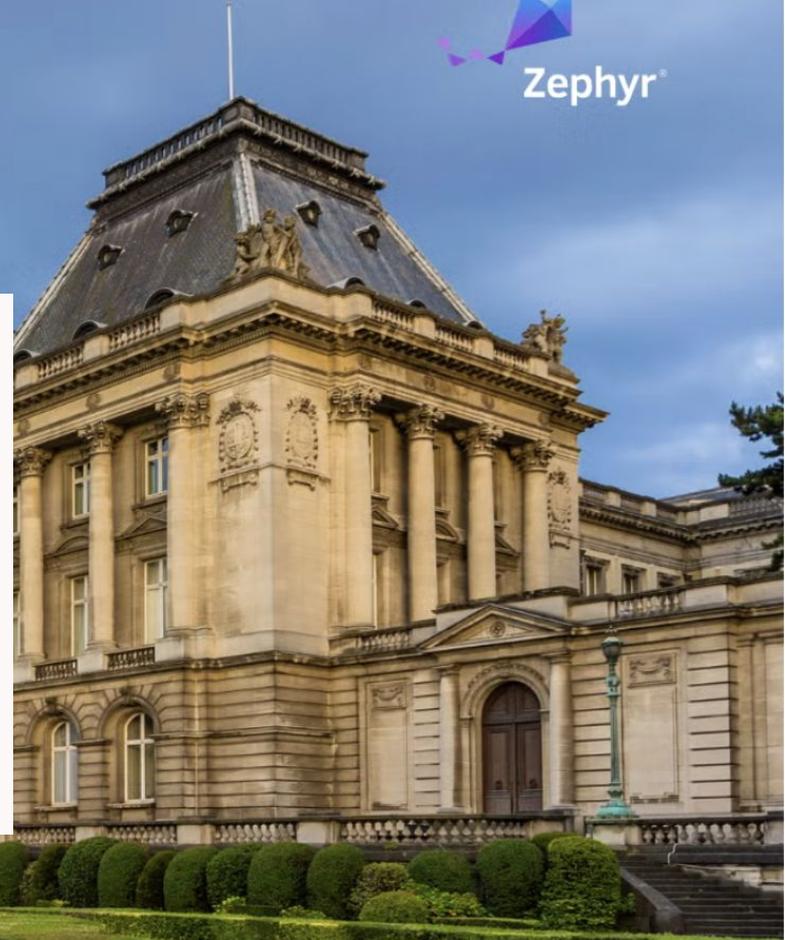
2:25 PM	Introduction & Welcome	Susan Remmert, LF
2:30 PM	State of the Zephyr project	Kate Stewart, LF
3:00 PM	Turning the Microbit V2 into a BTLE microphone using Zephyr	Colin Evrard and Javad Rahimi, Mind Software Consultancy
3:30 PM	Break Time	
3:50 PM	Zephyr & LLMs: The Good, The Bad, and the Hallucinated	Benjamin Cabe, Zephyr project
4:30 PM	MIDI Weaver	Titouan Cristophe, Mind Software Consultancy
5:00 PM	Zephyr release engineering	Fabio Baltieri, Google
5:40 PM	Open Discussions	Community
18:00	Closing Note	Susan Remmert, LF



Zephyr Project Meetup

State of Zephyr Project
Kate Stewart

January 30, Brussels, Belgium



Features overview

- **Lightweight kernel & supporting drivers and services**
- **Portable, secure, power-efficient**
- **Highly connected**
 - Bluetooth 5.0 & BLE
 - Wi-Fi, Ethernet, CANbus, ...
 - IoT protocols: CoAP, LwM2M, MQTT, OpenThread, ...
 - USB & USB-C
- **Complete developer environment**
 - Toolchain and HAL management
 - Emulation/Simulation
 - Logging, tracing, debugging
 - Testing framework



Zephyr in the wild... 8K+ Forks!

About

Primary Git Repository for the Zephyr Project. Zephyr is a new generation, scalable, optimized, secure RTOS for multiple hardware architectures.

docs.zephyrproject.org

iot real-time microcontroller
embedded bluetooth bluetooth-le
mcu rtos zephyr zephyros
embedded-c zephyr-rtos

Readme
Apache-2.0 license
Code of conduct
Contributing
Security policy
Activity
Custom properties
13.6k stars
414 watching
8.2k forks

Report repository

Releases 135

Zephyr 4.2.1 Latest
last month

Vestas Wind Systems A/S

 3 followers <http://www.vestas.com>

Popular repositories

zephyr Public
Forked from [zephyrproject-rtos/zephyr](https://github.com/zephyrproject-rtos/zephyr)

Primary Git Repository for the Zephyr Project. Zephyr is a new generation, scalable, optimized, secure RTOS for multiple hardware architectures.

C 2 1

Source: <https://github.com/vestas-wind-systems>

Source: <https://github.com/zephyrproject-rtos/zephyr>

Operating System	First Commit	Controls Commits	Declared License	Total Contributors	Contributors in last month	Total Commits	Commits in last month
Zephyr	2014/11	community	Apache-2.0	2955	421	126,450	2,598
nuttX	2007/?	community	BSD-variant → Apache-2.0	647	30	59,473	174
RT-Thread	2009/06	community	GPL-2.0 → Apache-2.0	773	26	17,535	132
RIOT	2010/09	community	LGPL-2.1	381	20	48,734	140
Tizen RT	2015/04	Samsung	BSD-variant → Apache-2.0	214	10	11,902	33
Ariel-OS	2020/08	community	Apache-2.0 OR MIT	26	8	3,557	202
myNewt	2015/06	community	Apache-2.0	137	6	11,336	28
SeL4	2014/07	community	GPLv2 AND BSD-2-Clause	115	6	4,789	26
FreeRTOS	2004/07	Richard Barry	GPL-2.0 w/ FreeRTOS → MIT	223	4	3,617	3
Contiki-NG	2017/10	community	BSD-3-Clause	218	1	18,091	1
ThreadX	2020/05	MSFT → community	MSL → MIT	25	0	254	0

Data extracted on 2025-11-05 from github

Methodology: Sample from Github

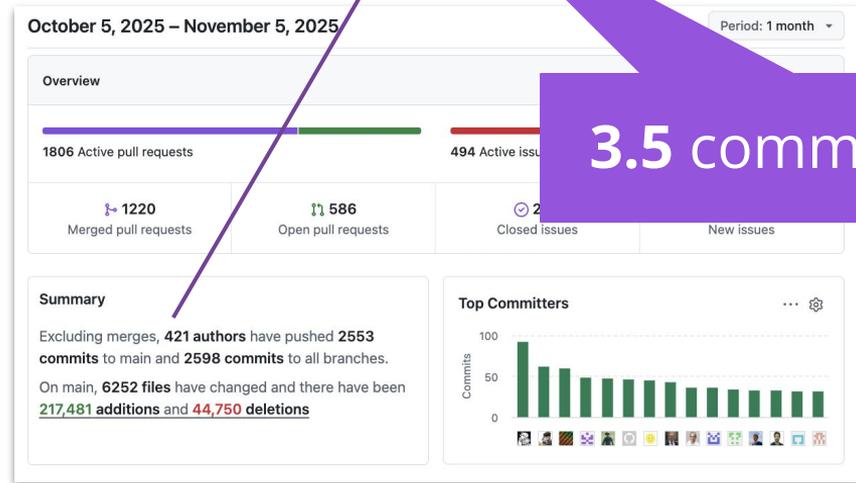


<https://github.com/zephyrproject-rtos/zephyr>

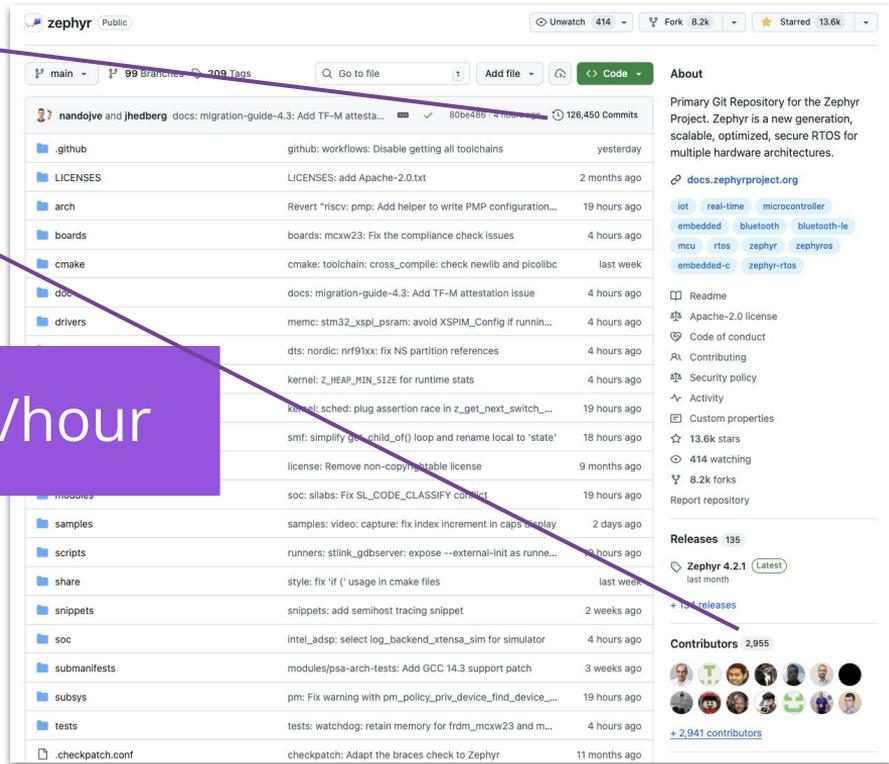
- Total commits: 126,450
- Total contributors: 2,955

<https://github.com/zephyrproject-rtos/zephyr/pulse/monthly>

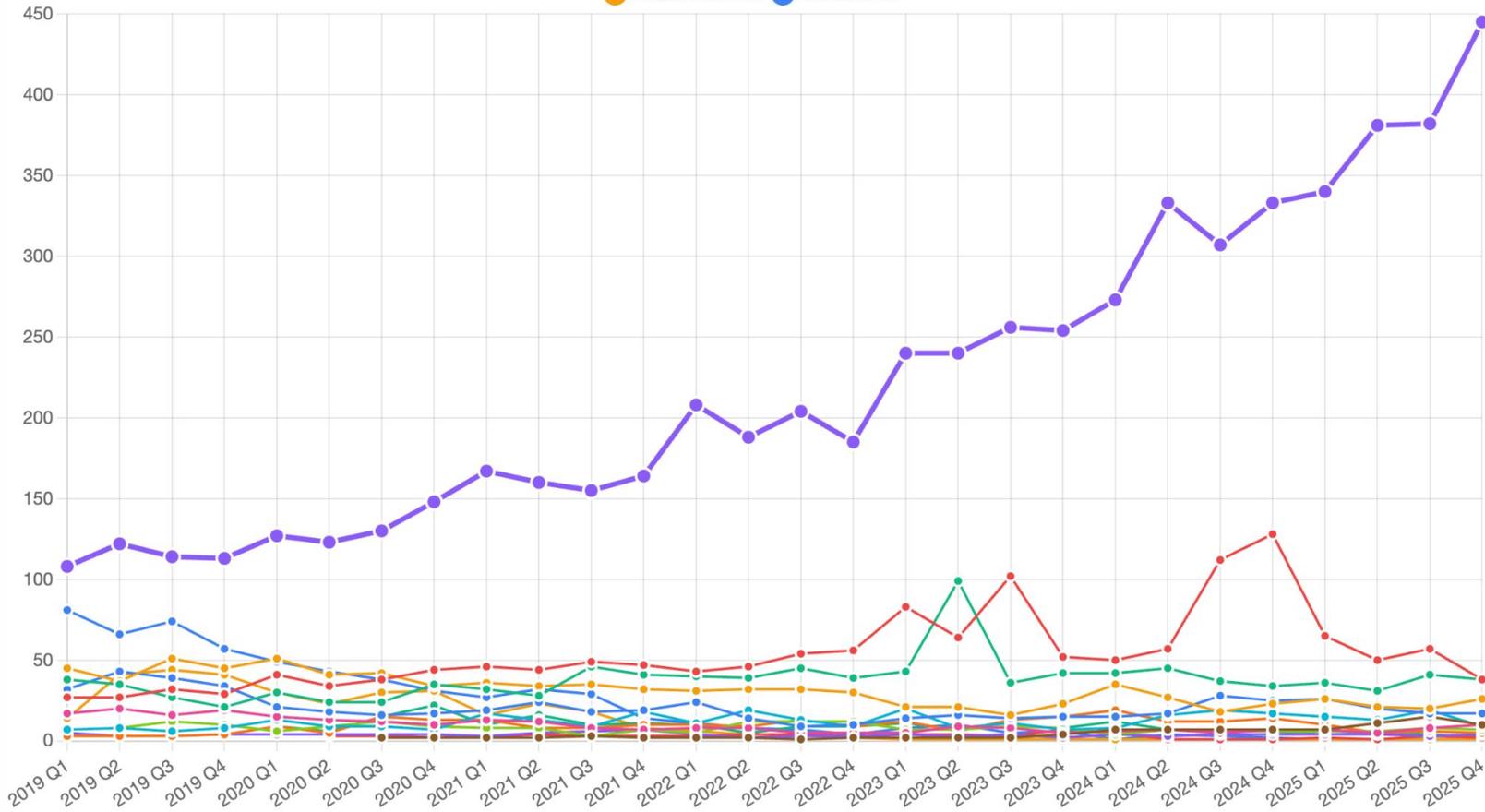
- Monthly contributors: 421
- Monthly commits: 2,598



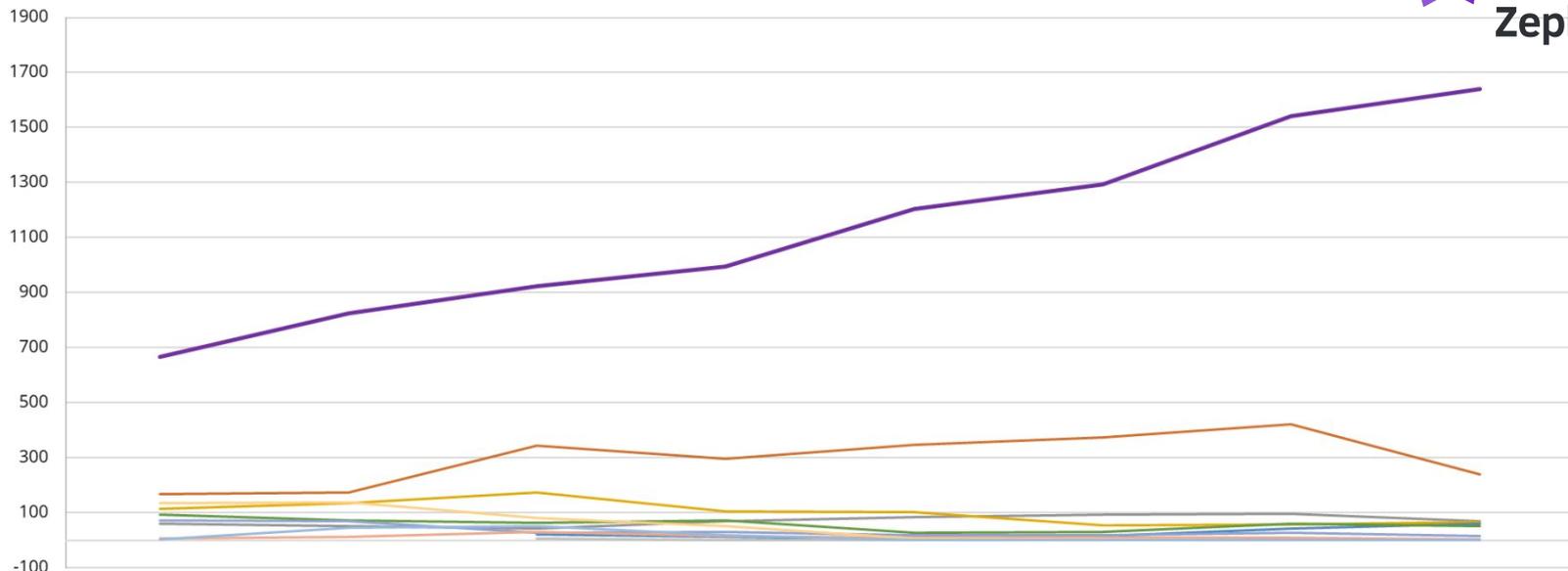
3.5 commits/hour



Unique Contributors per Month



Average Number of Commits per Month



	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Zephyr	667	825	924	995	1206	1293	1543	1640
Apache NuttX	169	174	343	297	347	373	423	241
RT-Thread	60	53	43	70	84	93	97	71
RIOT OS	115	136	175	105	103	54	59	66
Ariel OS			23	12	6	16	44	61
TizenRT	93	71	64	74	27	30	60	53
Apache Mynewt	74	70	27	31	18	20	29	16
FreeRTOS	8	13	32	17	11	11	11	4
Eclipse ThreadX			7	1	2	4	1	1
Arm Mbed OS	136	138	82	51	6	5	2	0
Amazon FreeRTOS	4	47	53	20	2	0	0	0

GitHub Clones & Unique Visitors



2025-04-23 → 2025-05-06

~1183 unique clones per day
~1532 unique visitors per day



900+ supported boards... and growing



Arduino Portenta H7



ESP32



Sipeed HiFive1



nRF9160 DK



STM32F746G Disco



M5StickC PLUS



TDK RoboKit 1



BBC micro:bit v2



Blues Swan



Arduino Nano 33 BLE



Intel UP Squared



Dragino LSN50 LoRA Sensor Node



Quicklogic Qomu



Raspberry Pi Pico



Renesas RX130



NXP i.MX8MP EVK



Adafruit Feather M0 LoRa

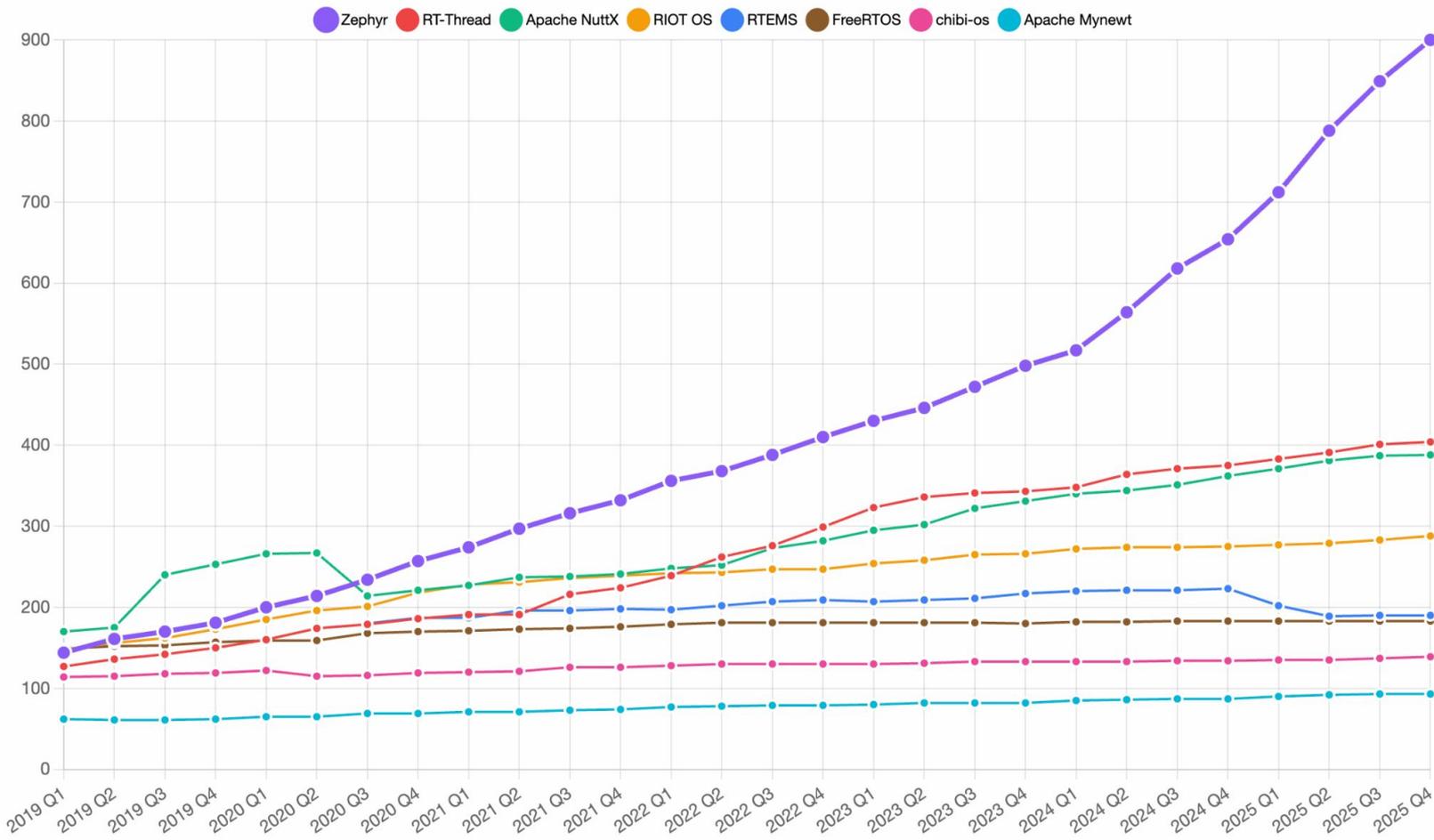


u-blox EVK-NINA-B3



docs.zephyrproject.org/latest/boards/

Supported Boards



Note: Only the operating systems for which number of supported boards could be easily computed automatically are included on this chart.

280+ Sensors Already Integrated

adt7420
adx1345
adx1362
adx1372
ak8975
amg88xx
ams_as5600
ams_iAQcore
apds9960
bma280
bmc150_magn
bme280
bme680
bmg160
bmi160
bmi270
bmm150
bmp388
bq274xx
ccs811

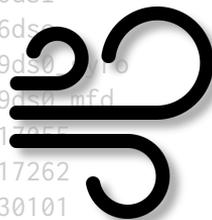
dht
dps310
ds18b20
ens
esp8266
fdd
fxos8560
fxos9560
grove
grow_r502a
hmc58831
hp206c
ht221
htx2050c
i2c_smbus
i2c_smbus2
i2c_smbus3
icp1125
iis2dh
iis2dlpc



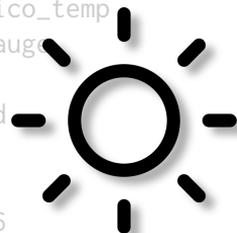
iis2iclx
iis2mdc
iis3dhhc
ina219
ina230
isl29035
ism30dtx
ite_tach_it8xxx2
ite_vcmp_it8xxx2
lis2dh
lis2ds12
lis2dw12
lis2tr
lm75
lm77
lps22
lps22hh
lps25hb
lsm303dlhc_magn



lsm6ds0
lsm6dsl
lsm6dsx
lsm9ds0
lsm9ds0_mfd
max17055
max17262
max30101
max31875
max44009
max6675
mchp_tach_xec
mcp9804
mcp9804
mcp9804
mhz19c
mpr121
mpu6050
mpu9250
ms5607
ms5837



nrf5
nuvoton_adc_cmp_npcx
nuvoton_tach_npcx
nxp_kin
opt3001
pcnt_encoder3
pms7003
qdec_mcp
qdec_nrfx
qdec_sam
qdec_stm32
rpi_pico_temp
sbs_gaug
sgp40
sht3xd
sht4x
shtcx
si7006
si7055
si7060



si7210
sm3511t
stm32_temp
stm32_vbat
stmesc
stts751
sx9500
th02
ti_hdc
ti_hdc20xx
tmp007
tmp108
tmp112
tmp116
vcnl4040
vl53l0x
wsen_hids
wsen_itds

 github.com/zephyrproject-rtos/zephyr/tree/main/drivers/sensor

Supported Hardware Architectures



Cortex-M, Cortex-R
& Cortex-A

x86 & x86_64



32 & 64 bit

Xtensa

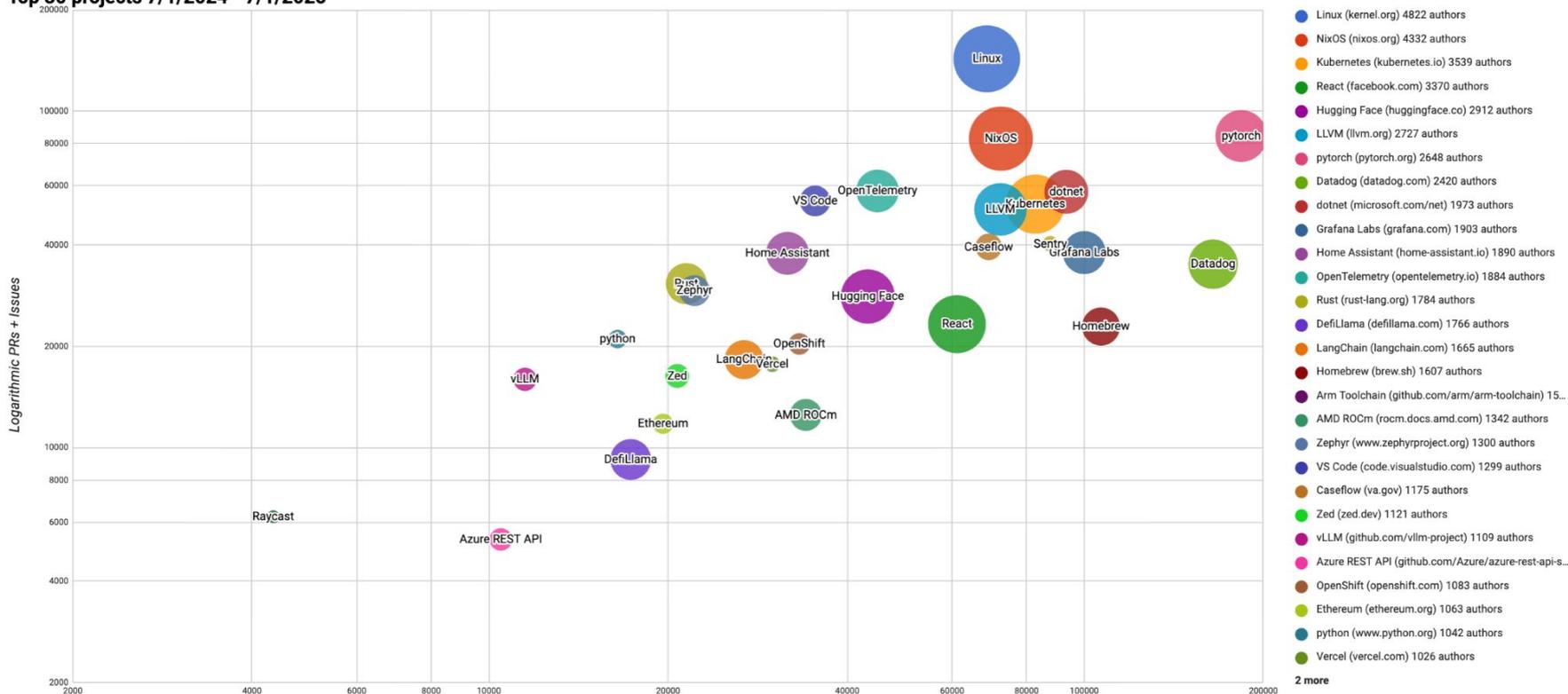


docs.zephyrproject.org/latest/hardware/index.html#hardware-support

All OSS Project Velocity: Zephyr #19!



Top 30 projects 7/1/2024 - 7/1/2025



2 more

Small Sample of Products Running Zephyr Today



Otonon More
Hearing Aid



Lildog & Lilcat
Pet Tracker



Livestock Tracker



Moto Watch 100



Samsung Galaxy
Ring



Proglove



Adhoc Smart Waste



Google
Chromebook



Framework laptop



Keeb.io BDN9



Hati-ACE



Blackhole™
PCIe AI Accelerator



BLiXT solid state
circuit breaker



Aethero Deimos
Satellite



PHYTEC Distancer



Laird Connectivity
sensors & gateways



BeST pump
monitoring

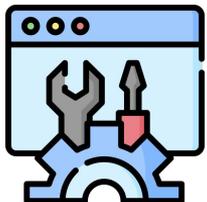


Vestas Wind
Turbines



zephyrproject.org/products-running-zephyr

Vibrant Ecosystem



Development Tools



Governing Board

Technical Steering Committee

Contributors



Applications & Middlewares



Training & Consulting

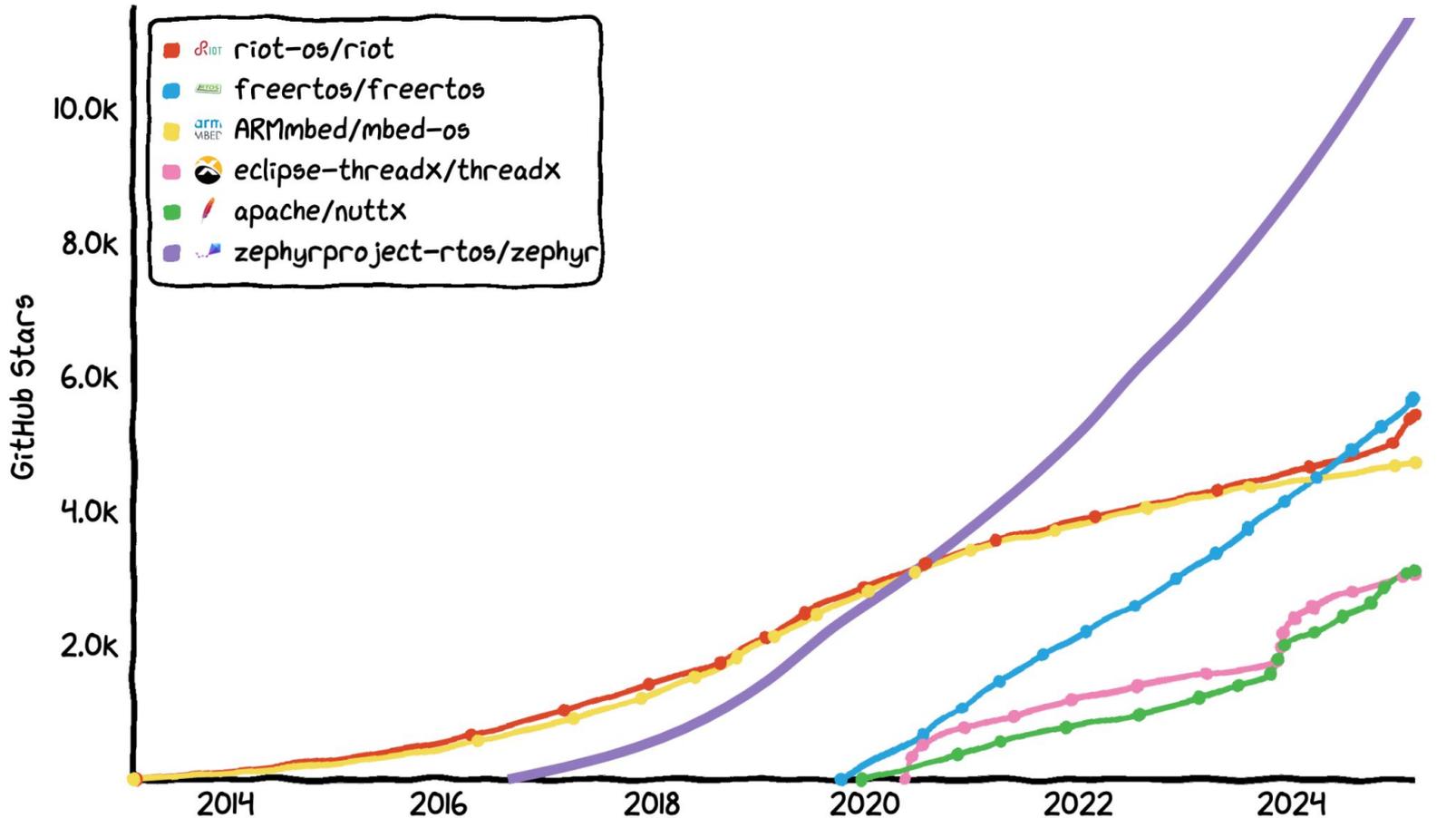


Firmwares & Libraries

Star History



Starred 13.6k



Ecosystem // Developer Tools



Development Tools



Training & Consulting



Firmwares & Libraries

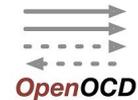


Applications & Middlewares

IDE



Compilers



Emulation / Simulation



Ecosystem // Training & Consulting



Development Tools



Training & Consulting



Firmwares & Libraries



Applications & Middlewares

Training



Services & Consulting



Ecosystem // Firmwares & Libraries



Development Tools



Training & Consulting

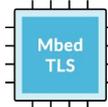


Firmwares & Libraries



Applications & Middlewares

Security



TrustedFirmware.org

TinyML



emlearn

Language runtimes



Ecosystem // Apps & Middlewares



Remote Management



Graphical Interfaces



Robotics



Training & Consulting



Zephyr 4.3 (Nov. 2025) – What's new?



 **CPU load monitoring & dynamic frequency scaling**

 **Instrumentation** subsystem

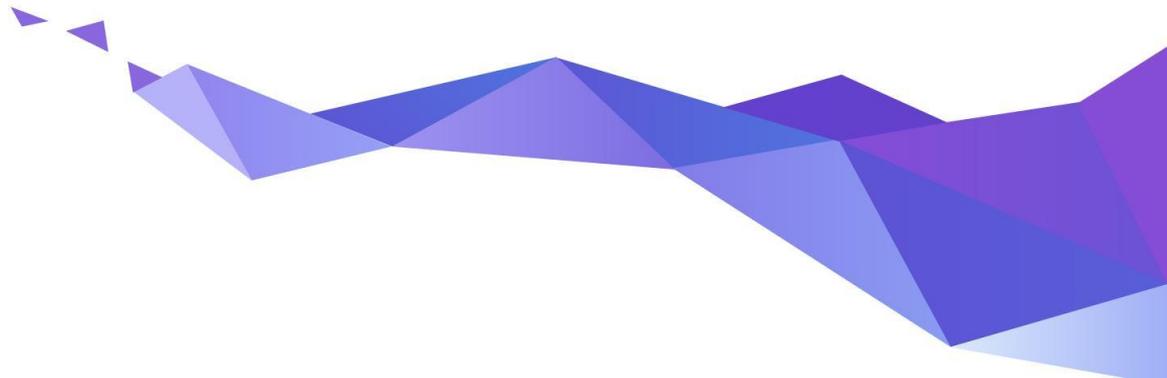
 **OCPP 1.6** support (for EV Charging)

 **Twister display harness** for automated testing of displays/GUIs

 **Developer Experience improvements** – Several new tools to help with debugging/troubleshooting ([DT doctor](#), [traceconfig](#))

and more, see [Release notes 4.3](#).

Security support in Zephyr



Long Term Support

- **Product Focused**
- Current with latest **Security Updates**
- Compatible with new hardware
 - Functional support for new hardware is regularly backported
- **Tested:** Shorten the development window and extend the Beta cycle to allow for more testing and bug fixing
- **Supported for 2+ years ⇒ 5 years** (as of 2025/3/8)
-  **Doesn't include cutting-edge functionality**



github.com/zephyrproject-rtos/zephyr/releases/tag/zephyr-v2.7.0

LTS Support Windows



Supported Releases

Release	Release date	EOL
Zephyr 4.1.0	2025-03-07	2025-11-14
Zephyr 4.0.0	2024-11-15	2025-07-18
Zephyr 3.7.0 (LTS3)	2024-07-26	2029-07-27

Previous LTS

Release	EOL
Zephyr 2.7.6 (LTS2)	2025-01-26
Zephyr 1.14.1 (LTS1)	2022-01-01

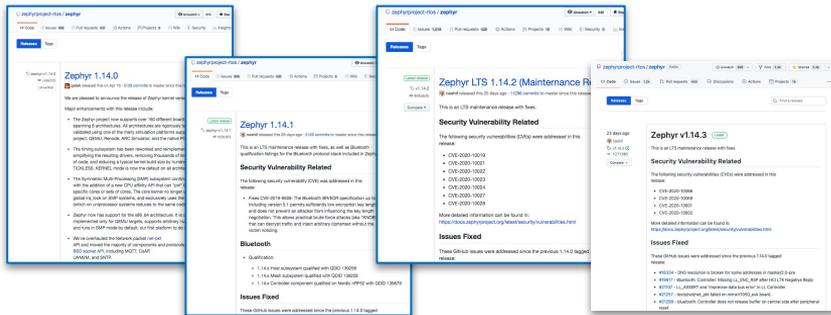
Source: <https://docs.zephyrproject.org/latest/releases/index.html#supported-releases>

Long Term Support (LTS 1 & LTS 2)



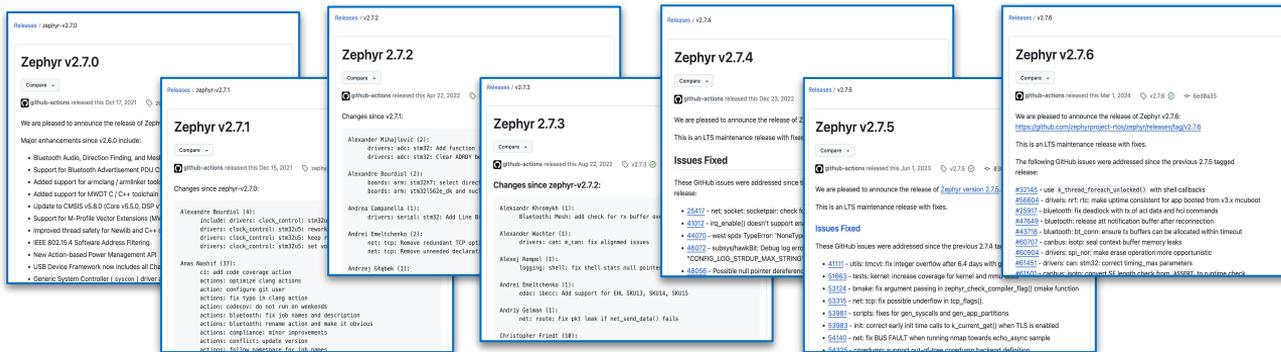
LTS 1

Apr '19 → Nov '21



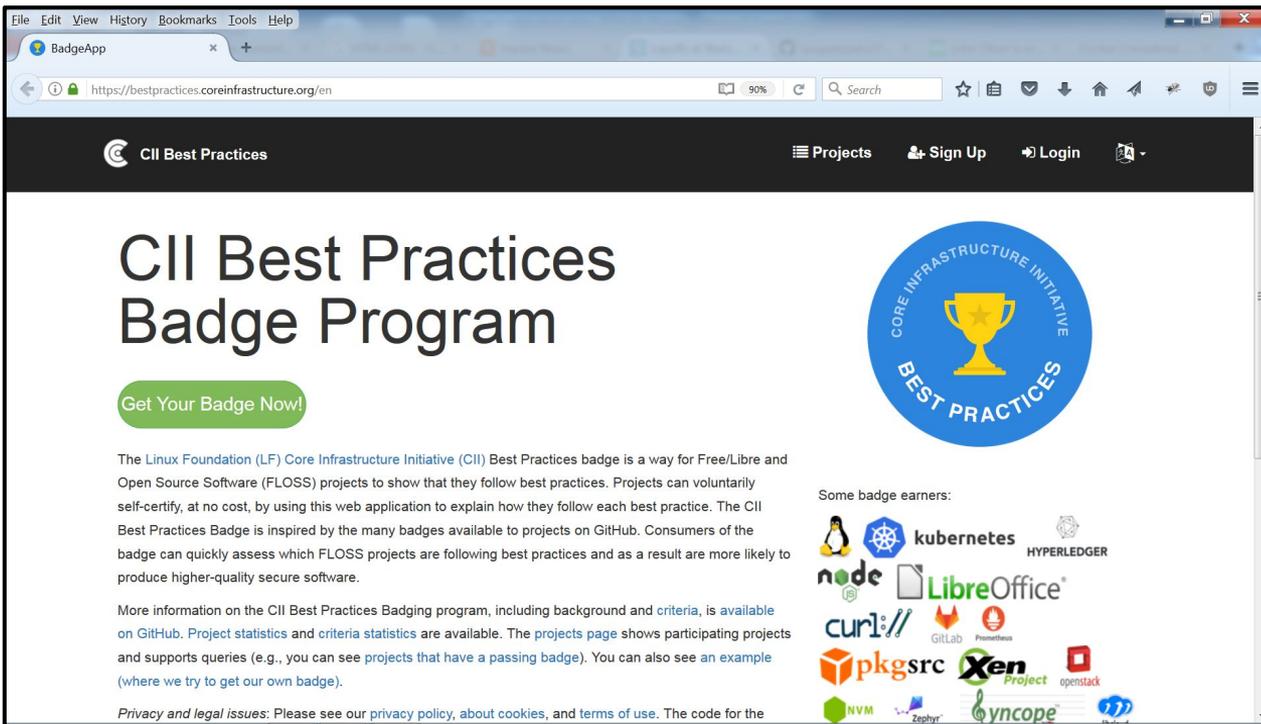
LTS 2

Oct '21 → Jan '25



Delivered bug fixes and latest security updates for 2+ years!

Adopted Known Best Security Practices



The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the CII Best Practices Badge Program website. The browser's address bar shows the URL <https://bestpractices.coreinfrastructure.org/en>. The website header includes the CII logo, the text "CII Best Practices", and navigation links for "Projects", "Sign Up", and "Login". The main content area features a large heading "CII Best Practices Badge Program" and a green button labeled "Get Your Badge Now!". Below the heading, there is a paragraph explaining the program: "The Linux Foundation (LF) Core Infrastructure Initiative (CII) Best Practices badge is a way for Free/Libre and Open Source Software (FLOSS) projects to show that they follow best practices. Projects can voluntarily self-certify, at no cost, by using this web application to explain how they follow each best practice. The CII Best Practices Badge is inspired by the many badges available to projects on GitHub. Consumers of the badge can quickly assess which FLOSS projects are following best practices and as a result are more likely to produce higher-quality secure software." A second paragraph provides more information: "More information on the CII Best Practices Badging program, including background and criteria, is available on GitHub. Project statistics and criteria statistics are available. The projects page shows participating projects and supports queries (e.g., you can see projects that have a passing badge). You can also see an example (where we try to get our own badge)." A footer note states: "Privacy and legal issues: Please see our privacy policy, about cookies, and terms of use. The code for the". To the right of the text is a large blue circular logo with a yellow trophy in the center, surrounded by the text "CORE INFRASTRUCTURE INITIATIVE" at the top and "BEST PRACTICES" at the bottom. Below the logo, the text "Some badge earners:" is followed by a grid of logos for various projects: kubernetes, HYPERLEDGER, node, LibreOffice, curl, GitLab, Prometheus, pkgsrc, Xen Project, openstack, NVM, Zephyr, gyncope, and others.

<https://bestpractices.coreinfrastructure.org>

CVE Numbering Authority



- Registered with MITRE
in 2017
 - Zephyr triages and issue our own CVEs
- **Zephyr Project Security Incident Response Team (PSIRT)**
 - Volunteers from the Security Committee
 - Led by the Zephyr Security Architect.

The screenshot shows the top navigation bar of the Zephyr Project website. The navigation links are: About, Partner Information, Program Organization, Downloads, and Resources & Support. Below the navigation bar is the heading "Zephyr Project" and a note: "Links that redirect to external websites will open a new window or tab depending on the web browser used." Underneath is the section "Steps to Report a Vulnerability or Request a CVE ID" with two steps: "Step 1: Read disclosure policy" with a link "View Policy", and "Step 2: Contact" with a link "Email". Below this is a table with project details.

Scope	Zephyr project components, and vulnerabilities that are not in another CNA's scope.
Program Role	CNA
Top-Level Root	MITRE Corporation
Security Advisories	View Advisories
Organization Type	Vendor Open Source
Country*	USA

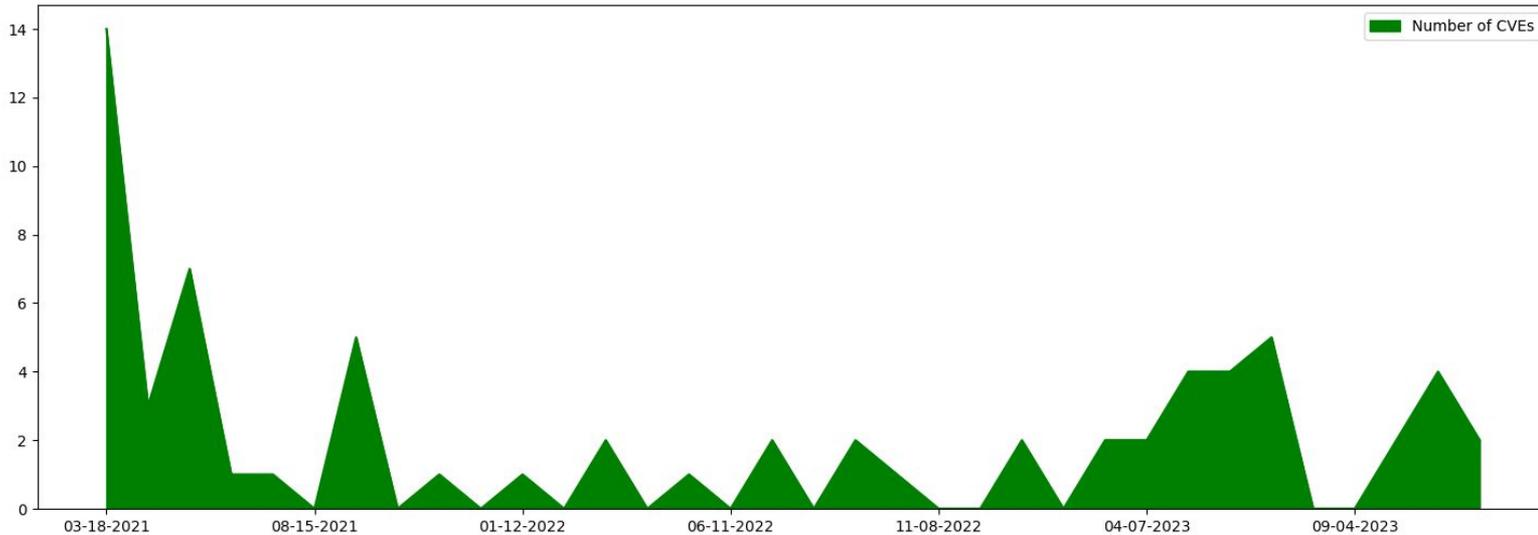
* Self-identified by CNA

Vulnerability Infrastructure → Github 2021

Why Transition?

Private repos became available. Better integration with rest of code.
No additional ids to manage. Improved analysis capabilities

Total of CVEs published : 68 (since we started using github)



Support for Product Makers



- For an embargo to work, product makers need to be notified early so they can remediate.
- Created [Vulnerability Registry](#) for vendors to register to receive these alerts for **free**
- **Goal:** Zephyr to fix issues within 30 days to give vendors 60 days before publication of vulnerability

Product Creators Vulnerability Alert Registry

If you believe your organization meets the criteria to be eligible to receive vulnerability alerts please fill out the form below.

Criteria for Participation

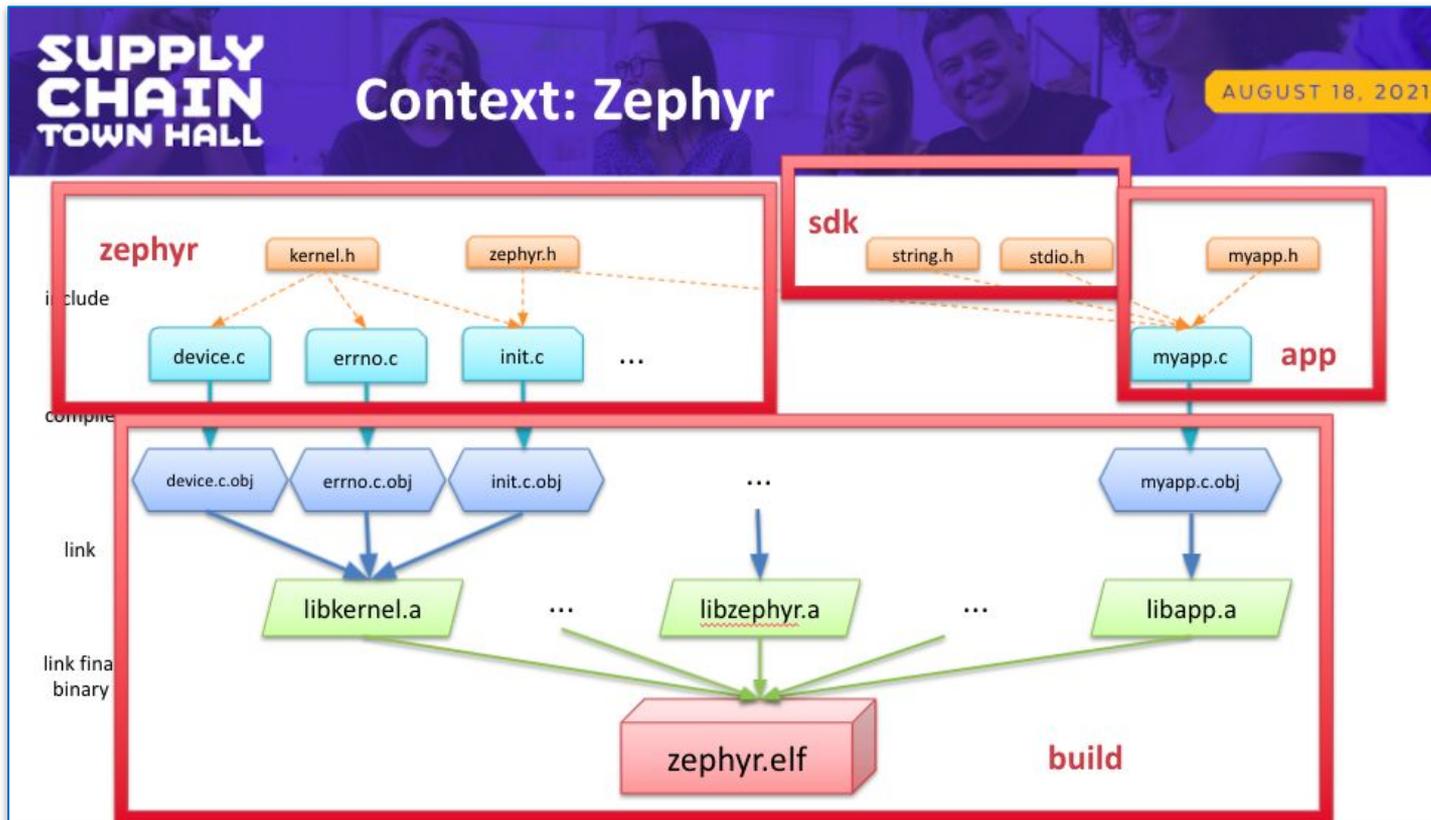
- Have a contact who will respond to emails within a week and understands how Zephyr is being used in the product.
- Have a publicly listed product based on some release of Zephyr.
- Have an actively monitored security email alias.
- Accept the Zephyr Embargo Policy that is outlined below.

Removal: If a member stops adhering to these criteria after joining the list then the member will be unsubscribed.

More information on Zephyr's Security and Disclosure practices can be found at [Security](#).

Source: <https://www.zephyrproject.org/vulnerability-registry/>

SBOM generation added in 2021



Learn more at: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KYC3YpSu9zs>

Automated SBOM Generation During Build!

1. Create a build directory with CMake file API enabled
2. Build project with “build metadata” enabled
3. Compute SBOM(s)

```
west spdx --init -d BUILD_DIR
west build -d BUILD_DIR -- -DCONFIG_BUILD_OUTPUT_META=y
west spdx -d BUILD_DIR
```



- | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| zephyr.spdx | SBOM for the Zephyr source files actually used by your application |
| app.spdx | SBOM for the source files of your application |
| build.spdx | SBOM for all the build objects , inc. of course your final image |

SBOM's at Scale...Automatically



875 boards

13 apps

**All BUILT,
PASSED,
GENERATED**
have **3 SBOMs**
available to
download &
inspect

The screenshot displays the Renode Zephyr Dashboard. On the left, there is a sidebar with navigation options: ARCHITECTURE (listing ARC, ARM32, ARM64, MIPS, NIOS2, RISCV32, RISCV64, SPARC, X86, X86-64, XTENSA) and BUILD DETAILS (with a 'SHOW SIMULATION' toggle). Below the sidebar, there are links for 'B361C9589F', 'BE4DC048BD', and a section for 'DO YOU WANT YOUR BOARD SUPPORTED IN RENODE?' with a 'CONTACT US FOR RENODE SUPPORT SERVICES' link.

The main content area features a search bar and a summary row with five status indicators: 539 PASSED, 503 PASSED, 432 PASSED, 517 PASSED, and 428 PASSED. Below this is a table of boards with columns for BOARD NAME and five status columns: HELLO WORLD, PHILOSOPHERS, SHELL MODULE, TENSORFLOW LITE MICRO, and MICROPYTHON. The table is filtered to show 'ARC (20)' and 'ARM32 (656)'. The visible rows include:

- 96Boards Aerocore2 (stm32f427vi): PASSED, PASSED, PASSED, PASSED, PASSED
- 96Boards Argonkey (stm32f412Xg): PASSED, PASSED, PASSED, PASSED, PASSED
- 96Boards Avenger96 (stm32mp157): GENERATED, GENERATED, GENERATED, GENERATED, NOT BUILT
- 96Boards Carbon [soc: nrf51822] (nordic nrf51822_qfac): PASSED, PASSED, Download SBOM (button), PASSED, PASSED
- 96Boards Carbon [soc: stm32f401xe] (nordic nrf51822_qfac): PASSED, PASSED, PASSED, PASSED, PASSED
- 96Boards Meerkat96 [soc: mcimx7d] [variant: m4] (nxp nxp_imx7d_m4): PASSED, PASSED, NOT BUILT, NOT BUILT, NOT BUILT
- 96Boards Neonkey (stm32f411Xe): PASSED, PASSED, PASSED, PASSED, PASSED
- 96Boards Nitrogen (nordic nrf52832_qfaa): PASSED, PASSED, PASSED, PASSED, PASSED
- 96Boards STM32 Sensor Mezzanine (stm32f446Xe): PASSED, PASSED, PASSED, PASSED, PASSED

Source: <https://zephyr-dashboard.renode.io/>

Dashboard SBOM

blinky-build.spdx

```
SPDXVersion: SPDX-2.3
DataLicense: CC0-1.0
SPDXID: SPDXRef-DOCUMENT
DocumentName: build
DocumentNamespace: http://spdx.org/spdxdocs/zephyr-ab992a5d-47b4-44ee-8357-1b68719b389b/build
Creator: Tool: Zephyr SPDX builder
Created: 2024-06-07T01:12:51Z
```

```
ExternalDocumentRef: DocumentRef-app http://spdx.org/spdxdocs/zephyr-ab992a5d-47b4-44ee-8357-1b68719b389b/app SHA1: 594de9d45188c55bdb059a2b0045987bb87e79be
ExternalDocumentRef: DocumentRef-zephyr http://spdx.org/spdxdocs/zephyr-ab992a5d-47b4-44ee-8357-1b68719b389b/zephyr SHA1: 4ae97af97a0e9fbc0507f2ea71ad3bf2f9caffa7
```

```
Relationship: SPDXRef-DOCUMENT DESCRIBES SPDXRef-zephyr-final
```

...

```
FileName: ./zephyr/arch/arm/core/cortex_m/libarch_arm_core_cortex_m.a
SPDXID: SPDXRef-File-libarch--arm--core--cortex-m.a
FileChecksum: SHA1: 310c7abd765821c8e8df8ceb1ac8bae330f371b1
FileChecksum: SHA256: 5efe0a524dd3a48e7cf6d637966a4f6fffa60119f4ab2b2b2f3ec4d924f5ea2a
LicenseConcluded: NOASSERTION
LicenseInfoInFile: NONE
FileCopyrightText: NOASSERTION
```

```
Relationship: SPDXRef-File-libarch--arm--core--cortex-m.a GENERATED_FROM DocumentRef-zephyr:SPDXRef-File-exc-exit.c
Relationship: SPDXRef-File-libarch--arm--core--cortex-m.a GENERATED_FROM DocumentRef-zephyr:SPDXRef-File-fault.c
Relationship: SPDXRef-File-libarch--arm--core--cortex-m.a GENERATED_FROM DocumentRef-zephyr:SPDXRef-File-fault-s.s
Relationship: SPDXRef-File-libarch--arm--core--cortex-m.a GENERATED_FROM DocumentRef-zephyr:SPDXRef-File-fpu.c
Relationship: SPDXRef-File-libarch--arm--core--cortex-m.a GENERATED_FROM DocumentRef-zephyr:SPDXRef-File-reset.s
Relationship: SPDXRef-File-libarch--arm--core--cortex-m.a GENERATED_FROM DocumentRef-zephyr:SPDXRef-File-scb.c
Relationship: SPDXRef-File-libarch--arm--core--cortex-m.a GENERATED_FROM DocumentRef-zephyr:SPDXRef-File-thread-abort.c
Relationship: SPDXRef-File-libarch--arm--core--cortex-m.a GENERATED_FROM DocumentRef-zephyr:SPDXRef-File-vector-table.s
Relationship: SPDXRef-File-libarch--arm--core--cortex-m.a GENERATED_FROM DocumentRef-zephyr:SPDXRef-File-swap.c
Relationship: SPDXRef-File-libarch--arm--core--cortex-m.a GENERATED_FROM DocumentRef-zephyr:SPDXRef-File-swap-helper.s
Relationship: SPDXRef-File-libarch--arm--core--cortex-m.a GENERATED_FROM DocumentRef-zephyr:SPDXRef-File-irq-manage.c
Relationship: SPDXRef-File-libarch--arm--core--cortex-m.a GENERATED_FROM DocumentRef-zephyr:SPDXRef-File-prepare.c
Relationship: SPDXRef-File-libarch--arm--core--cortex-m.a GENERATED_FROM DocumentRef-zephyr:SPDXRef-File-thread.c
Relationship: SPDXRef-File-libarch--arm--core--cortex-m.a GENERATED_FROM DocumentRef-zephyr:SPDXRef-File-cpu-idle.c
Relationship: SPDXRef-File-libarch--arm--core--cortex-m.a GENERATED_FROM DocumentRef-zephyr:SPDXRef-File-irq-init.c
```

...

```
FileName: ./zephyr/zephyr.elf
SPDXID: SPDXRef-File-zephyr.elf
FileChecksum: SHA1: 2e80741d3c373bd7626bc49625783ea8f1bcab
FileChecksum: SHA256: 7a838128652e85835f9167be429d41559701533fbd0d09b6bab9176a289fdc5e
LicenseConcluded: NOASSERTION
LicenseInfoInFile: NONE
FileCopyrightText: NOASSERTION
```

```
Relationship: SPDXRef-File-zephyr.elf GENERATED_FROM DocumentRef-zephyr:SPDXRef-File-empty-file.c
Relationship: SPDXRef-File-zephyr.elf GENERATED_FROM SPDXRef-File-isr-tables.c
Relationship: SPDXRef-File-zephyr.elf STATIC_LINK SPDXRef-File-libapp.a
Relationship: SPDXRef-File-zephyr.elf STATIC_LINK SPDXRef-File-libzephyr.a
```

...



blinky-app.spdx

```
SPDXVersion: SPDX-2.3
DataLicense: CC0-1.0
SPDXID: SPDXRef-DOCUMENT
DocumentName: app-sources
DocumentNamespace: http://spdx.org/spdxdocs/zephyr-ab992a5d-47b4-44ee-8357-1b68719b389b/app
Creator: Tool: Zephyr SPDX builder
Created: 2024-06-07T01:12:51Z
```

```
Relationship: SPDXRef-DOCUMENT DESCRIBES SPDXRef-app-sources
```

```
#### Package: app-sources
```

```
PackageName: app-sources
SPDXID: SPDXRef-app-sources
PackageDownloadLocation: NOASSERTION
PackageLicenseConcluded: Apache-2.0
PackageLicenseDeclared: NOASSERTION
PackageCopyrightText: NOASSERTION
PrimaryPackagePurpose: SOURCE
PackageLicenseInfoFromFiles: Apache-2.0
FilesAnalyzed: true
PackageVerificationCode: a5993032fe245294fb73f4ed2f53be3566662f6
```

```
FileName: ./src/main.c
SPDXID: SPDXRef-File-main.c
FileChecksum: SHA1: d71ad97b00f5eac4b749b84c57297614fe8e3899
FileChecksum: SHA256: cdc42b14891c38dfc131eb3dea809668289496a18c7e76e9945f2a3dd17152
LicenseConcluded: Apache-2.0
LicenseInfoInFile: Apache-2.0
FileCopyrightText: NOASSERTION
```

blinky-zephyr.spdx

```
SPDXVersion: SPDX-2.3
DataLicense: CC0-1.0
SPDXID: SPDXRef-DOCUMENT
DocumentName: zephyr-sources
DocumentNamespace: http://spdx.org/spdxdocs/zephyr-ab992a5d-47b4-44ee-8357-1b68719b389b/zephyr
Creator: Tool: Zephyr SPDX builder
Created: 2024-06-07T01:12:51Z
```

```
Relationship: SPDXRef-DOCUMENT DESCRIBES SPDXRef-zephyr-sources
```

```
#### Package: zephyr-sources
```

```
PackageName: zephyr-sources
SPDXID: SPDXRef-zephyr-sources
PackageDownloadLocation: NOASSERTION
PackageLicenseConcluded: Apache-2.0
PackageLicenseDeclared: NOASSERTION
PackageCopyrightText: NOASSERTION
PackageLicenseInfoFromFiles: Apache-2.0
FilesAnalyzed: true
PackageVerificationCode: f10da9dec03dd29bb556c72963bf33ae9f840643
```

```
FileName: ./zephyr/arch/arm/core/cortex_m/_aeabi_read_tp.S
SPDXID: SPDXRef-File--aeabi-read-tp.S
FileChecksum: SHA1: 62d0921844d538be8c28ae5bc4c0b9f87692bd3
FileChecksum: SHA256: 1ba5712dbc2a5d48a57fde5070b2cd0f6b2bb86a470ae2f55811aaf1bea0a1
LicenseConcluded: Apache-2.0
LicenseInfoInFile: Apache-2.0
FileCopyrightText: NOASSERTION
```

Security Working Group added March 2022



Security Committee

- **Restricted** to one representative from each platinum member, an architect (Flavio Ceolin), and a chair (David Brown)
- Meeting: Every 2 weeks
- Topics:
 - Vulnerabilities
 - PSIRT processes
 - Financial/contracts
 - Other sensitive information

Security Working Group

- **Open** to any participant
- Meeting: Every 2 weeks
- Topics:
 - Security Standards
 - ETSI EN 303-645
 - FIPS 140-3
 - SP 800-128
 - Annex K (C11 standard)
 - Evolving Security Processes
 - Code Analysis Tools
 - Documentation

Work on ETSI EN 303-645 in 2023



Zephyr
3.6.99

Search docs (powered by Google) 

Project and Governance

Security

- Zephyr Security Overview
- Security Vulnerability Reporting
- Secure Coding
- Sensor Device Threat Model
- Hardening Tool
- Vulnerabilities

Security standards and Zephyr

ETSI 303-645

Docs / Latest » Security » Security standards and Zephyr » ETSI 303-645

[Open on GitHub](#) [Report an issue with this page](#)

This is the documentation for
documentation of previous releases

ETSI 303-645

ETSI EN 303 645, also known as
standard developed by the European

The standard includes provisions for
minimization of exposed attack
challenges and risks associated

Full version of the standard can be

Provision 5.6-3	Device hardware should not unnecessarily expose physical interfaces to attack.	R	Y	Kconfig and Hardening Tool
Provision 5.6-4	Where a debug interface is physically accessible, it shall be disabled in software.	M C	Y	Hardening Tool
Provision 5.6-5	The manufacturer should only enable software services that are used or required for the intended use or operation of the device.	R	Y	Kconfig and Hardening Tool
Provision 5.6-6	Code should be minimized to the functionality necessary for the service/device to operate.	R	Y	Kconfig
Provision 5.6-7	Software should run with least necessary privileges, taking account of both security and functionality.	R	Y	Security Overview
Provision 5.6-8	The device should include a hardware-level access control mechanism for memory.	R	Y	Memory protection
Provision 5.6-9	The manufacturer should follow secure development processes for software deployed on the device.	R	Y	Security Overview and Coding guidelines
Provision 5.7-1	The consumer IoT device should verify its software using secure boot mechanisms.	R	Y	Functionality provided by <i>MCUboot</i> < https://github.com/zephyrproject-rtos/mcuboot >. Also see Security Overview

Source: <https://docs.zephyrproject.org/latest/security/standards/etsi-303645.html#provisions-assessment>

2024 Security Audit with NCC Group



Why External Audit?

- Identifying Vulnerabilities
- Independent Assessment
- Best Practices
- Community Trust
- Reputation

Scope Definition

- Security Objectives
- Components
 - Narrow to something doable and that benefits most users
- Depth of Analysis
- Threat Model

Results from NCCGroup

- Target Zephyr 3.6 / 3.7
 - 02/2024 ~ 03/2024
- Three issues found
 - Two low severity caused by integer overflow and TOCTOU
 - One informational caused by integer overflow

Lessons Learned from the Audit



Defining the scope is hard

- Resource Constraints
- Depth and Breadth
- Future-Proofing
- Stakeholder Agreement

Threat model is useful

- Guiding the Audit Process
- Validating Security Controls
- Facilitating Communication

Comprehensive testing importance

- The audit make it clear the importance of comprehensive testing

Outcomes:

- Enhanced Security
 - The identification and subsequent remediation of even low-severity issues contribute to a more secure system
- Increased Confidence
 - Third-party auditor validated the security and quality of the code base increasing confidence among developers, stakeholders, and users
- Recommendations aligned with Zephyr plans
 - Guided Fuzzing of Libraries and Subsystems

More Details Available...



Details at:

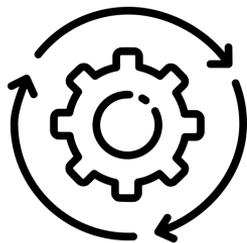
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vEG-Oww9TEs&list=PLzRQULb6-ipHnRUuy2UlpqZjTM9FPWtWx&index=22>

2025 OS Steward Readiness for CRA



Article	Summary	Zephyr Status
Article 24.1	Security policy & vulnerability reporting process / link	✔ Documented in Project (policy & vulnerability reporting process).
Article 24.2	Cooperate with MSAs to reduce risk	✔ Working already with CVE Authorities as CNA .
Article 14.1	CSIRT Contact established	🕒 Identify CSIRT coordinator for EU
Article 14.3	Notify CSIRT & ENISA of "severe" vulnerabilities	🕒 Determine if processes used with NVD will work or if adjustments required.
Article 14.8	Notify end-consumers of "severe" vulnerabilities	✔ Provide information to manufacturers & integrators signed up on Zephyr Vulnerability Alert Registry
Article 52.3	Stewards found non-compliant must take corrective actions to respect obligations	✔ Doing this today with CVE authorities

Zephyr Security Summary



Weekly Coverity scans
MISRA scans

Automated Code checks
per pull request



Documented secure
coding practices

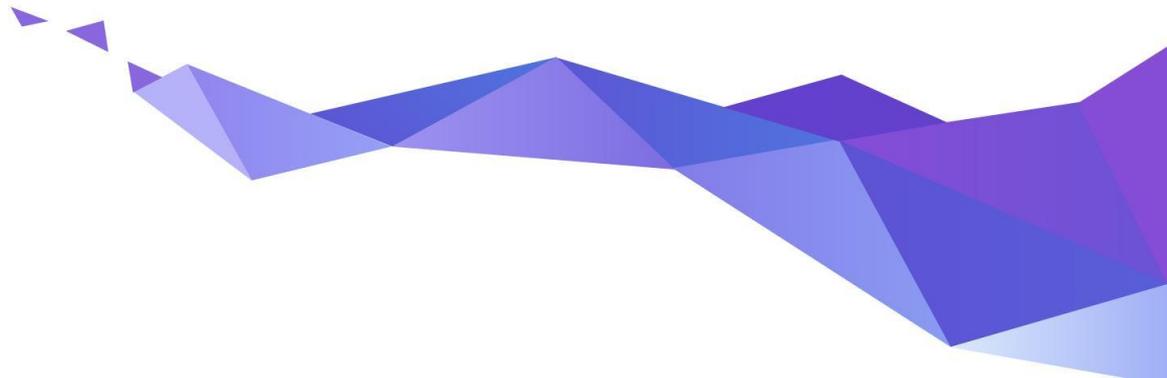
[Vulnerability response
criteria publicly
documented](#)



SBOM generation
per

[ISO/IEC 5962:2021](#)

Zephyr approach to safety



So what does Zephyr mean by Safety?



Safety – the freedom from unacceptable risk of physical injury or of damage to the health of people, either directly, or indirectly as a result of damage to property or to the environment

Zephyr will focus on "Functional Safety"

- the part of safety that depends on a system or equipment operating correctly in response to its inputs
- Detecting potentially dangerous conditions, resulting either in the activation of a protective or corrective device or mechanisms to prevent hazardous events or in providing mitigation measures to reduce the consequences of the hazardous event.

"depends on a system" ?

Systematic capability is the general assumption, that

- if development, test and deployment of a system follow a specific set of tasks and
- there is evidence for adherence to these tasks
- (and under the assumption that the system architecture supports safety)

⇒ **Software is capable of performing as intended**

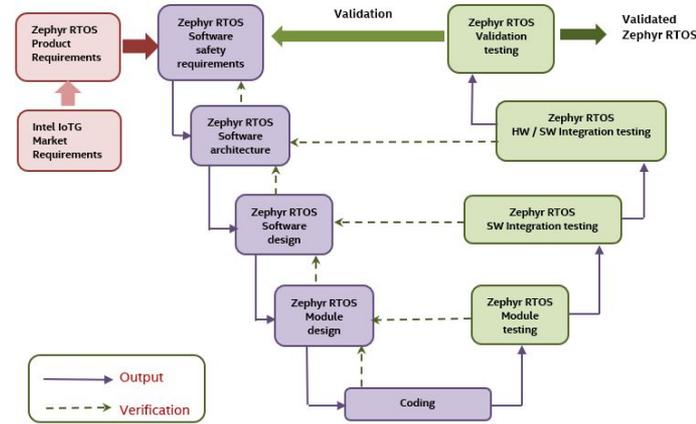
Compliant Development: V-model



It is difficult to map a stereotypical open-source development to the V-model

- Specification of features
- Comprehensive documentation
- Traceability from requirements to source code
- Number of committers and information known about them

Zephyr RTOS functional safety work products mapping to IEC 61508-3 V model

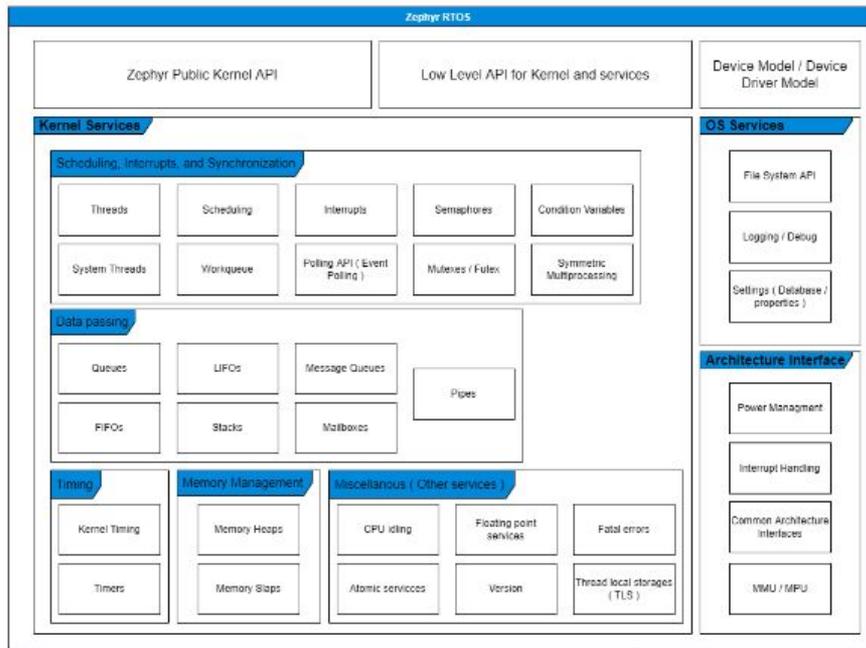


⇒ Provide the evidences that open source developers can map to compliance and meet all requirements

Zephyr Initial Certification Focus



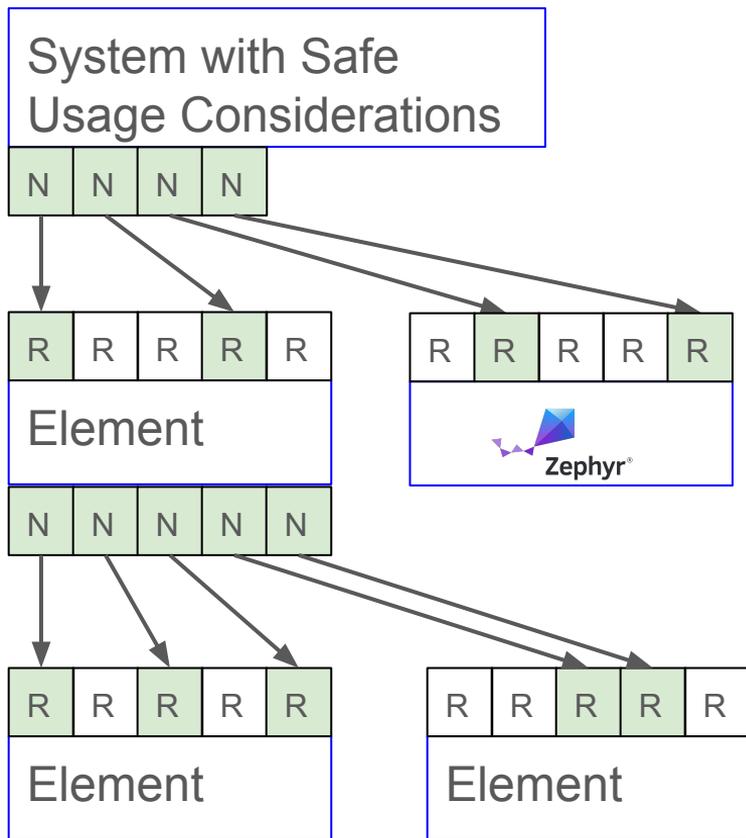
- Start with a limited scope of kernel and interfaces
- Initial target is IEC 61508 SIL 3 / SC 3 (IEC 61508-3, 7.4.2.12, Route 3s)
- Option for 26262 certification has been included in contract with certification authority should there be sufficient member interest



Starting scope

Scope can be **extended** to include **additional components** with associated **requirements** and **traceability** as determined by the safety committee

Safety Element out of Context - SEooC



Development and verification independent of a specific context or application

Provides integration and operation information for safe system integration

Comes with sufficient evidence, that it can be integrated to a safety relevant system.

Status Today



- Coding Guidelines established based on MISRA rules and applied
- Static Analysis tooling to check for adherence to Guidelines selected for future contributions
- Reference Requirements and Traceability started in the code base. End to end example by FOSDEM.
- Automatic human readable documentation of requirements from StrictDoc rules is available

A screenshot of a web-based documentation interface for Zephyr. The breadcrumb navigation at the top reads "Zephyr Project Requirements / Zephyr Software Requirements / Document". The left sidebar shows a tree view of the requirements, with "Zephyr Software Requirements" expanded to show sub-sections like "Hardware Architecture Interface", "C library", "Device Driver API", "Exception and Error Handling", "System Initialization", "File system", "Interrupts", "Logging", "Memory protection", "Memory Objects", and "Data Passing". The main content area displays a requirement titled "1.2. Thread Context Switching".

1.2. Thread Context Switching

UID:
ZEP-SRS-19-2

STATUS:
Draft

TYPE:
Functional

COMPONENT:
Hardware Architecture Interface

PARENTS:
← ZEP-SYRS-1 Architecture Layer Interface

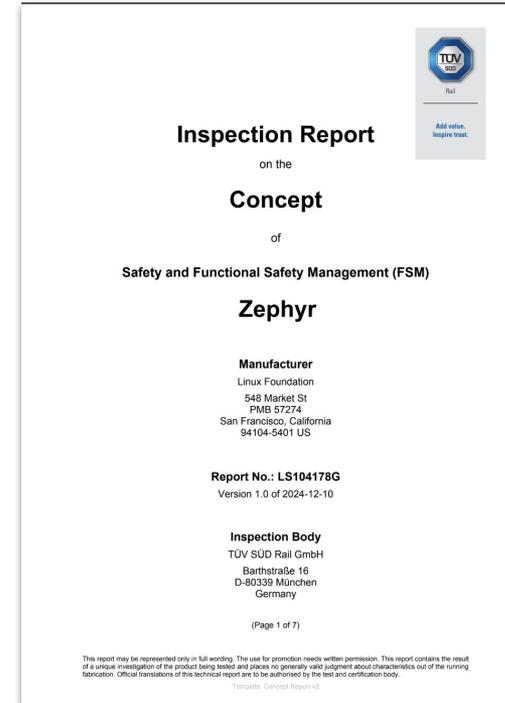
STATEMENT:
The Zephyr RTOS shall provide a mechanism for context switching between threads.

USER_STORY:
As a Zephyr RTOS user I want to execute code concurrently in one or more threads and when interrupted at a code location in a thread, to continue at the very same location.

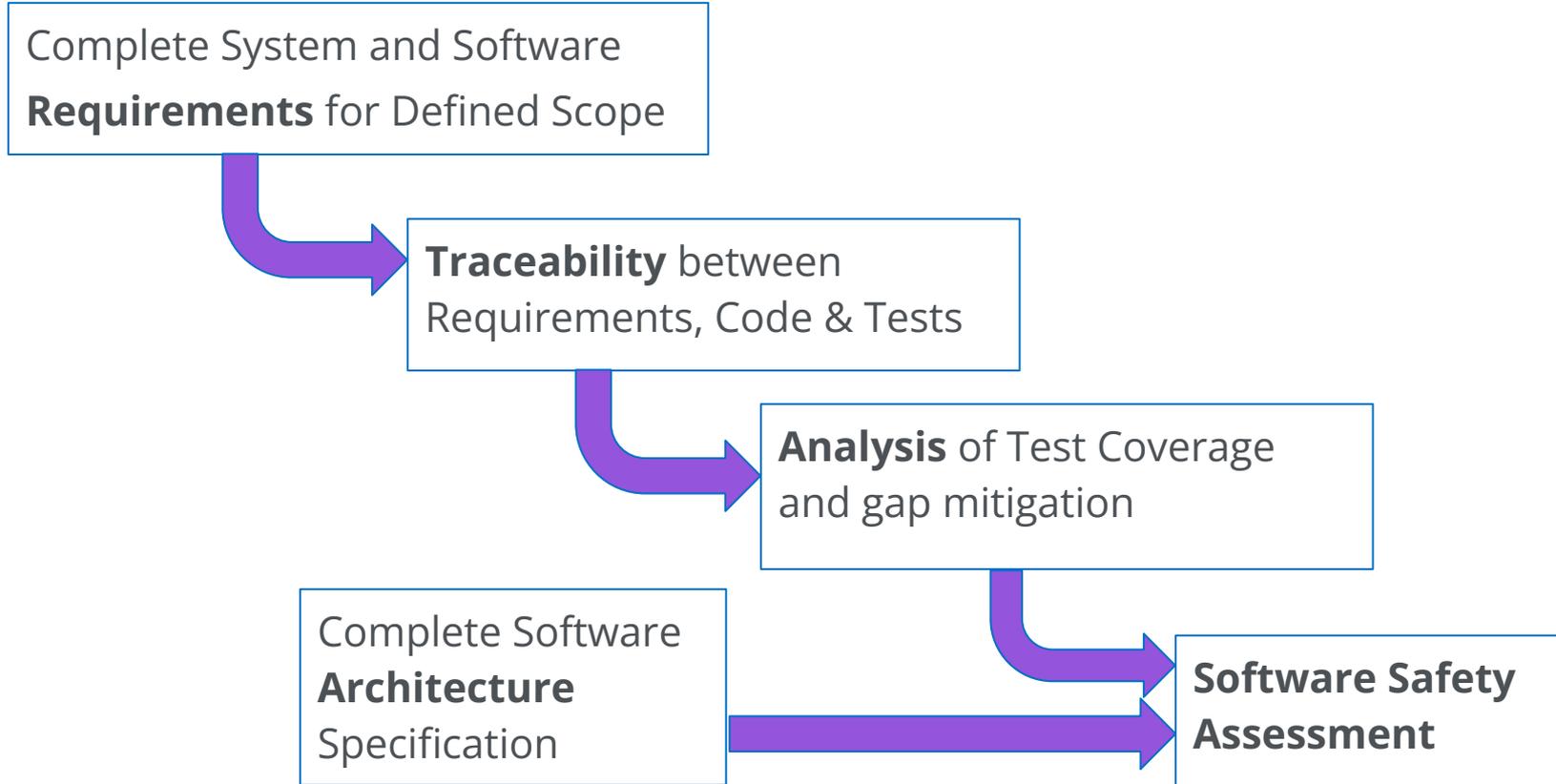
Status Today



- Coding Guidelines established based on MISRA rules and applied
- Static Analysis tooling to check for adherence to Guidelines selected for future contributions
- Reference Requirements and Traceability started in the code base
- Automatic human readable documentation of requirements from StrictDoc rules is available
- **Formal concept approval and Phase 1 is complete ... on to Phase 2**



Critical Path to Phase 2



Member & Community Participation



Safety Committee Role

- Safety Certification strategy decisions
 - Scope of certification
 - Certification standards
 - Certification timeline
- Assessment and audit specific tasks
- Owner of certification artefacts
- **Participation limited** to the project's platinum members, the safety architect, the safety chair, functional safety manager and project staff

Safety Working Group Role

- Creating/deriving and documenting the requirements for project code
- Establishing traceability between requirements, code and relevant tests
- Extending testing coverage as needed
- Setting up requirements management tooling
- Working on the creation of the required documentation and evidence
- [Open to everyone to participate](#)

Getting started – Important links

- Check out the official [Getting Started Guide](#)
- Dig into the hundreds of **code samples**
- Check the catalog of 100s of available Devicetree bindings
 - No driver for your HW? Chances are a similar driver already exists and writing one is not as hard or daunting as you would think!
- Reach out to the community on **Discord**

Zephyr Participation Information



zephyrproject.org



github.com/zephyrproject-rtos



lists.zephyrproject.org



chat.zephyrproject.org

Zephyr Project: Platinum Members



Zephyr Project: Silver Members





zephyrproject.org

